#### CLIL LESSON PLAN

# NUMERACY AND COUNTING RHYMES LESSON 2: COUNTING BACK FROM 5-0

### AIMS:

- > To develop the children's understanding of the concept of number from 1-10.
- > To work on mental arithmetic.
- > To become familiar with some English Counting Rhymes.

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OBJECTIVES:	
TEACHING OBJECTIVES What I plan to teach	LEARNING OUTCOMES What children will be able to do at the end of the lesson.
A. CONTENT	A. CONTENT
<ul> <li>→ Recognition of numbers from 1-10.</li> <li>→ Concept of quantity till 10 objects.</li> <li>→ One less than.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>→ Recite the numbers in order, counting forwards from 0-10.</li> <li>→ Memorize some English counting rhymes.</li> </ul>
B. COGNITION	B. COGNITION
<ul> <li>→ Counting forwards from 1-10.</li> <li>→ Ordering of quantities.</li> <li>→ Solving mathematical problems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>→ Use the numbers in order, counting forwards from 0-10.</li> <li>→ Count reliably up to ten everyday objects.</li> <li>→ Order numbers, up to 10.</li> <li>→ Find one less than a given number from 5-1.</li> </ul>
C. COMMUNICATION	
C.1 Language of learning:	

> Numerals 0-10.

> Main vocabulary included in the counting rhymes.

## C.2 Language for learning:

- > Language for identification: What is this number?,
- > Language for prediction and solving mathematical problems: What is one less than...?, How many monkeys are there jumping on the bed if one monkey falls off?
- Language to understand instructions in games: Take one block from the bag and pass it on, Stop the bag please, How many blocks are there?

## C.3 Language through learning:

Vocabulary that comes through the lesson, such as instructions not related to the lesson or language used to encourage children: Well done!, Excellent!, Good try!, Try again please!, Let's think!.

### D. CULTURE/CITIZENSHIP

- → Show interest in knowing some typical English counting rhymes.
- → Counting in everyday life.
- → Perform in front of the class.
- → Work on social skills.